

The Kendall SCD" system

#### KENDALL SCD

Sequential Compression System

with Vascular Refill Detection



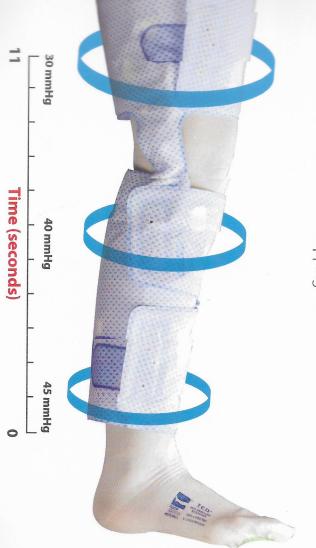
The Kendall SCD" system is clinically proven to reduce the risk of both Deep Vein Thrombosis 3 (DVT) and Pulmonary Embolism 4 (PE), and to improve survival in stroke patients.<sup>5</sup>

#### **Circumferential Compression**

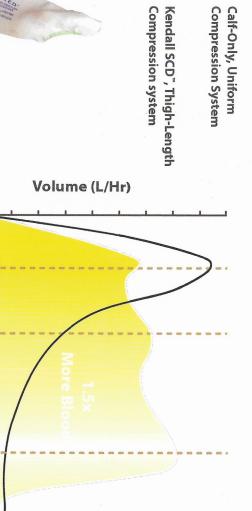
- Increases fibrinolytic activity 6
- Rapidly empties the femoral veins <sup>7</sup>
- Fully collapses valve cusps, where fatal clots can form<sup>8</sup>

#### Sequential & Gradient Compression

- Maximises femoral blood flow velocity<sup>8</sup>
- Promotes unidirectional blood flow 1
- Reduces the risk of distal blood trapping 9



# The Kendall SCD" system provides sustained blood flow velocity, moving more blood over time. 10





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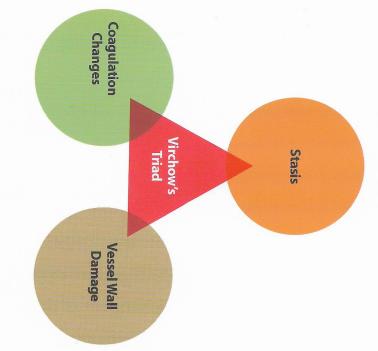
The efficacy of the Kendall SCD" system is supported by nearly 100 clinical trials, covering almost all surgical specialties.

- Stroke
- Neurosurgery
- Irauma
- Cardiac
- Spinal
- Urological
- Abdominal
- Orthopaedics



The Kendall SCD" system is effective in reducing the risk of DVT and PE by addressing two of three factors of Virchow's Triad: 5

- Stasis by increasing blood flow
- Coagulation changes by stimulating fibrinolytic activity



Combining Intermittent Pneumatic Compression (IPC) with anticoagulants has been shown to optimise patient outcomes.<sup>11</sup>

Anticoagulants alone = 4.21% Overall DVT Rate IPC + Anticoagulants = 0.65% Overall DVT Rate

## with Vascular Refill Detection Kendall SCD 700 Series Controller

The Kendall SCD\*\* 700 Series Controller is a compact, lightweight, easy-to-use, all-in-one controller designed to improve functionality and maximise convenience.



- Animated error code resolution
- \* Adjustable bed hook
- **Battery for improved portability**
- Graphic user interface
- Vascular refill detection
- IPX3 rating
- Therapy meter
- Detection mode



Essential to care"

### Vascular refill detection

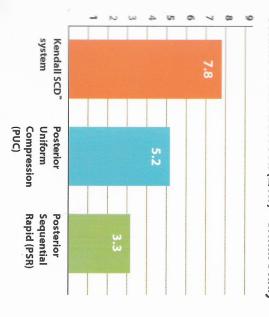
The Kendall SCD\*\* system is incorporated with Vascular Refill Detection (VRD), a proprietary technology that customises compression for each patient, moving more blood over time.1

#### Clinical evidence

#### A 2007 study compared the haemodynamic performances of three different IPC devices:<sup>2</sup>

- Kendall SCD™ system
- Uniform, posterior system with fixed
- compression cycle (PUC)
- Posterior, sequential, rapid inflation device with fixed compression cycle (PSR)

#### Volume of Blood Moved (L/Hr) - Griffin Study<sup>2</sup>



# The results confirmed that the Kendall SCD" system:

- Moved more blood per hour;
- Increased the volume of blood per compression cycle;
- Achieved more compression cycles over time.

The Kendall SCD" system measures the time it takes for a patient's veins to refill with blood after being compressed. The frequency of compression cycles is based on the patient's venous refill time (20 to 60 seconds), which is re-calculated automatically every 30 minutes.